Supporting Parents & Fussy Eaters



Tips for supporting your child's sensory needs to make mealtimes less stressful

All senses are stimulated during mealtimes:

- **Sight**: the colour and presentation of meals.
- **Sound**: the sound of eating the meal.
- Smell and taste: the scent and flavours of the meal.
- Feel: texture in the mouth and hands.
- Environment: the social setting.

Some sensory information can lead to anxiety and may reduce the enjoyment of meals.

What does fussy eating look like?

- Poor weight gain or weight loss.
- Trouble swallowing or gagging during meals.
- Avoiding textures of food groups.
- Eating a limited variety of food.
- Delayed transition to solids from purées.

Speech Pathologists can help fussy eaters

Speech Pathologists can assist fussy eaters by helping parents identify sensory seeking or sensory avoidance behaviours during mealtimes. They address these behaviours to create a more enjoyable experience with food. Strategies need to be tailored to each child.

Speech Pathologists can:

- Work with parents to create positive mealtime routines.
- Teach parents to recognise the child's communication cues.
- Recommend ways to adapt mealtimes which meet the child's sensory needs.
- Provide support for introducing new foods, textures, scents, and flavours.



Tips for creating enjoyable mealtimes

- 1 Allow your child to explore their food by eating with their hands, helping prepare meals or talking about the history of the meal.
- 2

Increase your child's exposure to difference foods by having them in the home or eating the food around them.

- 3 Enhance your child's understanding of hunger and satiety by offering food at specified mealtimes throughout the day.
- 4 Offer various textures and flavours at a young age.
- 5 Introduce novelty into mealtimes to enhance the food or drink experience.

1300131619 · info@neurojunior.au · neurojunior.au